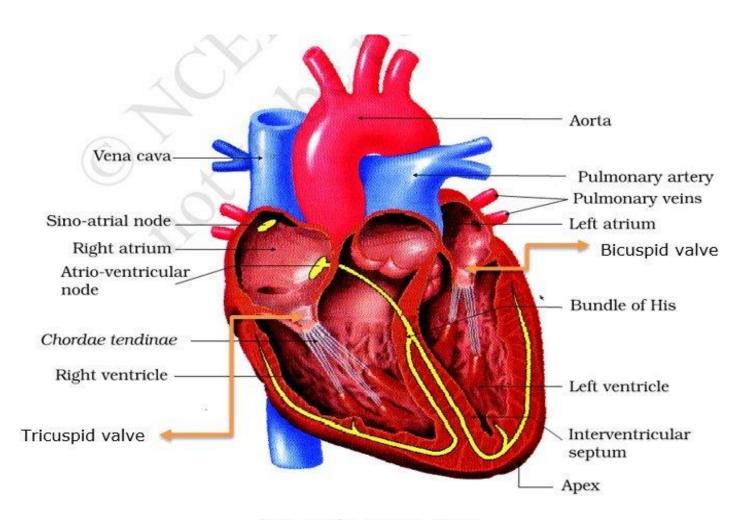


# LIAQUAT NATIONAL HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL COLLEGE



Institute for Postgraduate Medical Studies & Health Science

# CARDIO VASCULAR SYSTEM II MODULE 22<sup>nd</sup> April TO 24<sup>th</sup> May 2024



Section of a human heart

# STUDY GUIDE FOR CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM II MODULE

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Module name: CVS II Year: Three Duration: 5 weeks (April – May 2024)

Timetable hours: Interactive Lectures, Case-Based Integrated Learning (CBIL), Clinical Rotations, Laboratory, Practical, Demonstrations, Skills, Self-Study

#### **MODULE INTEGRATED COMMITTEE**

MODULE COORDINATOR:	<ul><li>Dr. Hafeez Ahmed</li><li>Dr. Kaleemullah</li></ul>
CO-COORDINATORS:	Dr. Sadia Abdul Qayyum
CO-COONDINATIONS.	<ul> <li>Dr. Muhammad Ahsan Naseer</li> </ul>

# **RESOURCE PERSON**

BASIC HEALTH SCIENCES	CLINICAL AND ANCILLARY DEPARTMENTS
ANATOMY Professor Zia-ul-Islam	CARDIOLOGY Dr. Hafeez Ahmed
COMMUNITY MEDICINE Dr. Saima Zainab	
FORENSIC MEDICINE Professor Syed Mukkaram Ali	
MICROBIOLOGY Professor Shaheen Sharafat	
PATHOLOGY	
Professor Naveen Faridi	
PHARMACOLOGY	
Professor Tabassum Zehra	
PHYSIOLOGY Professor Syed Hafeezul Hassan	

#### **DEPARTMENT of HEALTH PROFESSIONS EDUCATION**

- · Professor Nighat Huda
  - Professor Sobia Ali
  - Dr. Afifa Tabassum
- Dr. Muhammad Ahsan Naseer
  - Dr. Yusra Nasir

#### **LNH&MC MANAGEMENT**

- Professor Karimullah Makki, Principal LNH&MC
- Dr. Shaheena Akbani, Director A.A & R.T LNH&MC

STUDY GUIDE COMPILED BY: Department of Health Professions Education

#### **INTRODUCTION**

#### WHAT IS A STUDY GUIDE?

It is an aid to:

- Inform students how the student learning program of the module has been organized
- Help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module
- Guide students on assessment methods, rules, and regulations

#### THE STUDY GUIDE:

- Communicates information on the organization and management of the module. This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as Interactive Lectures, small group teachings, clinical skills, demonstrations, tutorials, and case-based learning that will be implemented to achieve the module objectives.
- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs,
   web-links, and journals, for students to consult to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous and module examinations on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's achievement of objectives.
- Focuses on information about examination policy, rules, and regulations.

#### **CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK**

Students will experience an integrated curriculum similar to previous modules.

INTEGRATED CURRICULUM comprises system-based modules such as Foundation II, Blood II, Locomotor II, Respiratory system-II, CVS-II, and GIT Liver II which links basic science knowledge to clinical problems. Integrated teaching means that subjects are presented as a meaningful whole. Students will be able to have a better understanding of basic sciences when they repeatedly learn about clinical examples.

**LEARNING EXPERIENCES**: Case-based integrated discussions, and skills acquisition in the skills lab. Computer-based assignments, learning experiences in clinics, wards, and outreach centers

#### **INTEGRATING DISCIPLINES OF CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM II**



#### **LEARNING METHODOLOGIES**

The following teaching/learning methods are used to promote better understanding:

- Interactive Lectures
- Tutorial
- Case- Based Learning (CBL)
- Clinical Experiences
  - Clinical Rotations
- Skills session
- Self-Directed Learning

**INTERACTIVE LECTURES:** In a large group, the Interactive Lectures introduce a topic or common clinical conditions and explains the underlying phenomena through questions, pictures, videos of patients' interviews, exercises, etc. Students are actively involved in the learning process.

**TUTORIAL:** This format helps students to clarify concepts, and acquire skills or desired attitudes. Sessions are structured with the help of specific exercises such as patient cases, interviews, or discussion topics. Students exchange opinions and apply knowledge gained from Interactive Lectures, tutorials, and self-study. The facilitator's role is to ask probing questions, summarize, or rephrase to help clarify concepts.

**CASE-BASED LEARNING (CBL)**: A small group discussion format where learning is focused on a series of questions based on a clinical scenario. Students discuss and answer the questions by applying relevant knowledge gained previously in clinical and basic health sciences during the module and constructing new knowledge. The CBIL will be provided by the concerned department.

**CLINICAL LEARNING EXPERIENCES:** In small groups, students observe patients with signs and symptoms in hospital wards, clinics, and outreach centers. This helps students to relate knowledge of basic and clinical sciences of the module and prepare for future practice.

• CLINICAL ROTATIONS: In small groups, students rotate in different wards like Medicine, Pediatrics, Surgery, Obs & Gyne, ENT, Eye, Family Medicine clinics, outreach centers & Community Medicine experiences. Here students observe patients, take histories and perform supervised clinical examinations in outpatient and inpatient settings. They also get an opportunity to observe medical personnel working as a team. These rotations help students relate basic medical and clinical knowledge in diverse clinical areas.

**SKILLS SESSION:** Skills relevant to the respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in the skills laboratory.

**SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING** Students assume responsibilities for their learning through individual study, sharing and discussing with peers, and seeking information from Learning Resource Center, teachers, and resource persons within and outside the college. Students can utilize the time within the college's scheduled hours of self-study.

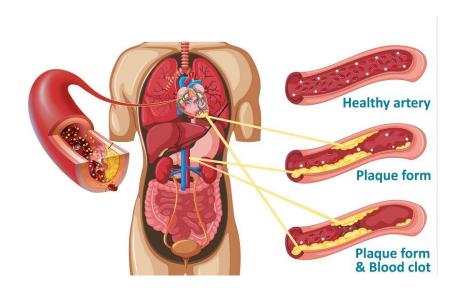
#### **MODULE 5: CVS II**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Cardiovascular module (I) in year 1 covered basic medical sciences concepts for understanding the causes and treatment of diseases.

CVS (II) will now focus on common clinical presentations along with treatment options, relevant investigations, and prevention. Students will have opportunities to relate their knowledge of the diseases such as congenital heart diseases, hyperlipidemia, hypertension, diseases of the vessel wall, ischemic heart diseases, valvular heart diseases, arrhythmias, cardiac failure, and infections. Sessions on preventive medicine and healthy lifestyle will have significant importance. Students will be engaged in CVS history taking and physical examination both in adults and children to enhance their clinical examination skills of the students. The module will enable students to relate their theoretical learning through case-based learning, interactive Lectures, patient, simulated-based experiences, and video-based learning.

Forensic Medicine will run parallel with the module.



## **COURSE OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES**

At the end of the module, the students will be able to:

### **ANATOMY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Functional Anatomy of CVS	1.1
Discuss the coronary circulation and its clinical importance	Interactive Lecture
Discuss the conducting system of the heart and its blood supply	

## **CARDIOLOGY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
1. Hypertensive Vascular Disease and Hypertensive heart disease	
Discuss vascular wall injury response	Interactive
Discuss the causes, pathogenesis, and morphology of hypertensive vascular injury	Lecture
Explain types of hypertensive heart disease	
2. History, Examination, Lab Investigation, and Epidemiology Related To CVS	Small Group
Demonstrate all the steps History Taken by the Patient with Chest Pain and CVS examination	Discussion
3. Heart Failure	
Define cardiac failure	
Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical features of left-sided and right- sided heart failure	
4. Arrhythmias	
Define Arrhythmias	
Classify Arrhythmias	
Discuss the clinical features of Arrhythmias	Interactive
• List the causes of Arrhythmias	Lecture
• List the investigations related to Arrhythmias	
5. Valvular Heart Diseases	
Define Valvular heart diseases	
Classify Valvular heart diseases	
Discuss the clinical features of Valvular heart diseases	
• List the causes of Valvular heart diseases	
List the investigations related to Valvular heart diseases	
6. ECG Interpretation	Small Group

# 3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR MBBS CVS II MODULE

1	pret 12-lead electrocardiogram to determine the rate, rhythm, axis, intervals, and acute mic changes	Discussion
• Discu	ss the ECG changes of angina and myocardial Infarction	
7. Rhei	umatic Heart Disease	
• Descr	ibe the signs and Symptoms & diagnostic criteria of Rheumatic Heart Disease	
• Expla	in the process of control and prevention of Rheumatic heart disease	
8. Diso	rders of Blood Vessel Hyperreactivity, Veins, and Lymphatics	Interactive
• Discu	ss various disorders of blood vessel hyperreactivity, veins, and lymphatics including:	Lecture
i.	Raynaud Phenomenon	
ii.	Myocardial Vessel Vasospasm	
iii.	Veins and Lymphatics	
iv.	Varicose Veins	
V.	Thrombophlebitis and	
vi.	Phlebothrombosis	
vii.	Superior and Inferior Vena Cava Syndromes	
viii.	Lymphangitis and Lymphedema	

# **COMMUNITY MEDICINE**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
1. Coronary heart disease and its prevention	
Describe coronary heart diseases	Tutorial
Discuss the epidemiology of coronary artery diseases	Tutoriai
Describe the prevention and control of coronary artery diseases	
2. Hypertension	
Classify Hypertension	Tutorial
Describe the epidemiology of hypertension	Tutoriai
Discuss prevention and control	
3. Rheumatic Heart Disease	
Describe Rheumatic Heart Disease	Interactive
Describe the epidemiology, signs, and symptoms & diagnostic criteria of Rheumatic Heart Disease	Lecture/Tutorial
Discuss prevention and control of Rheumatic Heart Diseases	

# **FORENSIC MEDICINE**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
1. Forensic Sexology I: Virginity & Pregnancy and their medico-legal Perspectives	
Describe signs of virginity on medico-legal examination	lutana ation
List the differences between true and false virgin on examination	Interactive Lecture
Define defloration along with causes of rupture of the hymen	Lecture
State the method of estimation of the duration of a torn hymen	

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Calculate EDD (Expected date of delivery)	
List the signs of pregnancy (presumptive, probable, and definite signs)	
Describe the diagnosis of pregnancy in medico-legal cases	
List the motives of feigned pregnancy	
List the abnormal forms of pregnancy	
Define Legitimacy and legitimate child as per law	
2. Forensic sexology II: Delivery and its medico-legal aspects	
Describe signs of recent delivery in living and in dead	Interactive
Describe the signs of remote delivery in living and dead	Lecture
State the medico-legal aspects of delivery	
3. Forensic sexology III: Impotence, Sterility & Artificial Insemination	
Define consummation of marriage	
List the causes of nullity of marriage and divorce from legal aspects	-
Describe Impotency and sterility with legal dictums	Interactive
List the causes of impotency and sterility	Lecture
Mention the steps of examination of a case of impotency and how to give an opinion in such a case	_
Discuss artificial insemination, its types, procedure, precautions in selecting a donor, and legal	1
implications, Surrogate birth	
4. Forensic sexology IV: Abortion & its medico-legal aspects	
Define the types of abortion	
List the grounds for abortion with special emphasis on pregnancy after rape	Interactive
Define criminal abortion, its type according to the Pakistan Penal Code, and unskilled, semi-	Lecture
skilled, and skilled methods of criminal abortion	_
List the complications of Criminal Abortion	
List the causes of death in criminal abortion and autopsy findings	
5. Forensic sexology V: Natural Sexual offenses (Rape & Incest)	
Classify sexual offenses	_
State the legal definition of Rape	_
<ul> <li>Mention the procedure of examination of a victim of rape, collection of specimens during the examination</li> </ul>	_ Interactive
Mention the procedure of examination of an accused person	Lecture
Discuss rape in children	
• List the complications following rape with special stress on Post-traumatic Stress Disorder	
List the problems in the medico-legal examination of victims of rape	
Define Incest and its legal aspects	
6. Forensic sexology VI: Unnatural sexual offense	
Describe the legal definition of sodomy and its types	
<ul> <li>Discuss the steps of examination of a victim of Sodomy, a habitual passive agent (Catamite), and a habitual active agent (Sodomite)</li> </ul>	
Describe the method of collection of samples from the passive and active agent	Interactive
Describe the following:	Lecture
o Bestiality and the method of examination in such cases	1
o Tribadism or female homosexuality and its legal aspects	1
o Buccal coitus	1
	Tutorial
7. Forensic Sexology VII: Sexual Perversions	
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Define a sexual pervert	
• List the various types of sexual perversions with special emphasis on Sadism, lust murder,	
necrophilia, necrophagia, Masochism, Transvestism Transsexualism, and other sexual	
perversions and their medicolegal aspects	
8. Aspirin and Paracetamol poisoning	Interactive
Describe the mode of action, signs and symptoms, fatal dose, fatal period, treatment, and medico-legal importance of aspirin & paracetamol poisoning	Lecture
9. Toxicology- Cardiac poisons	
Describe the mode of action, signs and symptoms, treatment, postmortem findings, and	Tutorial
medico-legal importance of the Cardiac poisons; Digitalis, Aconite, and Nicotine	
10. Forensic Sexology: Medico-legal Report of Case of sexual assault	
Describe the procedure of taking swabs in cases of victims of rape and sodomy	Tutorial
Write the medico-legal report of rape and sodomy cases based on given scenarios	
11. Forensic Lab Techniques	
Describe the technique and medico-legal importance of Polygraph and Brain Finger Printing	Tutorial
Discuss the importance of questioned documents in Forensic investigation	Tutoriai
Describe the Forensic Lab	
12. Cannabis & Cocaine Poisoning	
Describe the mode of action, signs and symptoms, treatment, postmortem findings, and	Tutorial
medico-legal importance of Cannabis & Cocaine	

## **MICROBIOLOGY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Pathogens causing Cardiovascular diseases	
List the pathogens causing cardiovascular diseases	Interactive
Discuss in detail the organism Streptococcus viridian's group Epstein bar virus, Trypanosoma	Lecture
Discuss briefly the properties, pathogenesis, transmission, clinical findings, laboratory	Leotare
diagnosis epidemiology, treatment, and prevention of other pathogens causing CVS diseases	

# **PATHOLOGY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
1. Hypertensive Vascular Disease & Hypertensive heart disease	
Discuss vascular wall injury response	Interactive
Discuss the causes, pathogenesis, and morphology of hypertensive vascular injury	
Explain types of hypertensive heart disease	
2. Atherosclerosis	latoro etivo
Define Arteriosclerosis & Atherosclerosis	Interactive Lecture/
Describe the epidemiology and risk factors of Atherosclerosis	Tutorial
Discuss in detail the pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical consequences of Atherosclerotic disease	racoriai

•	
Discuss the risk factors and morphology of atherosclerosis	
3. Aneurysms and Dissection	
Define aneurysm and dissection of the vessel wall	
Explain the pathogenesis, morphology & clinical features of aneurysms	
Discuss Aortic dissection with relation to pathogenesis, morphology & clinical features	
4. Vasculitis	
Define Vasculitis	
List the types of vasculitis	_
• Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical features of various types of Vasculitis	
5. Disorders of blood vessel hyper-reactivity, veins, and lymphatics	Interactive
• Discuss various disorders of blood vessel hyper-reactivity:	Lecture
i. Raynaud Phenomenon	
ii. Myocardial Vessel Vasospasm	
Discuss various disorders of veins and lymphatics including:	
i. Varicose Veins	]
ii. Thrombophlebitis and	
iii. Phlebothrombosis	
iv. Superior and Inferior Vena Cava Syndromes	
v. Lymphangitis and Lymphedema	
6. Vascular Tumors	
Classify vascular tumors	Interactive
<ul> <li>Discuss benign, borderline, and malignant vascular tumors concerning etiology, pathogenesis, and morphology</li> </ul>	Lecture/ Tutorial
Discuss vascular tumors with special emphasis on morphological aspects	
7. Heart Failure	_
Define cardiac failure	
• Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical features of left-sided and right-sided heart failure	
8. Congenital Heart Disease I	
• Classify congenital heart diseases into left to right, right to left shunt, and congenital	
obstructive diseases	
• Explain the pathophysiology, morphology, and clinical features of left to right shunt	
• Explain the pathophysiology, morphology, and clinical features of congenital obstructive diseases	Interactive Lecture
9. Congenital Heart Disease II	
Explain the pathophysiology, morphology, and clinical features of right to left shunt	
10. Ischemic Heart Disease 1	
Define ischemic heart disease & myocardial infarction (MI)	
Discuss the significance of time in diagnosing and treating acute MI	1
Describe the morphological features of MI	
Discuss the clinical features of an acute attack of MI	
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Discuss the laboratory evaluation, consequences, complications, and prognosis of MI	_
Discuss the morphological features of MI	]
Elaborate on the clinical features of an acute attack of MI	
Discuss its Laboratory evaluation	
11. Ischemic Heart Disease 2	
Define Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)	]
Discuss its consequences and various clinical presentations	
Explain its epidemiology and risk factors	
Describe Angina and its types	]
Discuss the coronary blood supply and types of infarction	]
Discuss briefly the features of chronic IHD and sudden cardiac death	
12. Valvular Heart Disease & Non-infected vegetation	
Classify valvular defects of mitral and aortic valves valvular heart disease	Interactive
• Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, and clinical features of infective endocarditis,	Lecture/
rheumatic fever, and rheumatic heart disease	Tutorial
Discuss non-infected vegetation of the heart	
13. Cardiomyopathies & Myocarditis	
Define cardiomyopathy	
Discuss types of cardiomyopathies	
List the conditions associated with cardiomyopathy	
Explain the morphology and clinical features of cardiomyopathy	
List the causes of myocarditis	Interactive
Discuss the morphology of myocarditis	Lecture/
14. Pericardial diseases & tumors of the heart	Tutorial
Define pericardial effusion & Hemopericardium	]
Discuss causes, pathogenesis & morphology of different types of pericarditis	
Classify tumors of the heart	]
Discuss the pathogenesis and morphology of primary tumors of the heart	]
Discuss the clinical effects of non-cardiac neoplasms	

## **PHARMACOLOGY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES	
1. Drug therapy for Acute Coronary Syndrome (ACS)	Skill-Based	
Discuss classification, basic & clinical pharmacology of different drug groups used in ACS	Learning/Tutorial	
2. Drugs used in the treatment of Angina pectoris & Myocardial Infarction		
Classify Anti-Anginal drugs		
ain the basic & clinical pharmacology of Anti-Anginal drugs  Learning		
Discuss the treatment of ischemic heart diseases (IHD) including the basic & clinical pharmacology of these drugs	Learning	
3. Anti-hypertensive Drugs I & II	Interactive	
Discuss drugs of different classes used to treat HTN	Lecture	

## 3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR MBBS CVS II MODULE

Explain their basic & clinical pharmacology		
4. Drug therapy for Congestive Heart Failure (CCF)	lasta an ation	
Discuss the classification of drugs used in cardiac failure	Interactive Lecture	
Explain their basic and clinical pharmacology		
5. Drug treatment of cardiac arrhythmia	Ckill Dagod	
Classify anti-arrhythmic drugs	Skill-Based Learning/Tutorial	
Explain the basic & clinical pharmacology of anti-arrhythmic drugs	Learning/ ratorial	
6. Anti-hyperlipidemic drugs	Cara Danad	
Classify Anti-hyperlipidemic drugs	Case-Based Learning	
Discuss their basic and clinical pharmacology	Learning	

### **PHYSIOLOGY**

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES	LEARNING STRATEGIES
Modular introduction & review of CVS	Interactive
Discuss the physiology of CVS (revisit)	Lecture

### RESEARCH

TOPICS & OBJECTIVES		LEARNING STRATEGIES
1.	Inferential Statistics	
•	Describe inferential statistics	Interactive Lecture/
•	Apply inferential statistics in given examples	Tutorial
•	Interpret the confidence interval, hypothesis testing	
2. 1	Parametric Tests	
•	Describe parametric tests	
•	Apply parametric tests in the given examples	
•	Interpret the z-test, t-test, and ANOVA.	
3. (	Chi-Square Test	
•	Describe chi-square test	Interactive Lecture/Tutorial
•	Explain the conditions for the application of the chi-square test	
•	Apply Chi-Square statistical tests to Analyse data using SPSS	

# **LEARNING RESOURCES**

SUBJECT	RESOURCES	
ANATOMY	1. K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy	
COMMUNITY MEDICINE	3. Basic <i>Statistics</i> for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma	
FORENSIC MEDICINE	1. Nasib R. Awan. Principles and practice of Forensic Medicine 1st ed. 2002. 2. Parikh, C.K. Parikh's Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence, Forensic Medicine and Toxicology. 7th ed.2005.  REFERENCE BOOKS 3. Knight B. Simpson's Forensic Medicine. 11th ed.1993. 4. Knight and Pekka. Principles of forensic medicine. 3rd ed. 2004 5. Krishan VIJ. Textbook of forensic medicine and toxicology (principles and practice). 4th ed. 2007 6. Dikshit P.C. Textbook of forensic medicine and Toxicology. 1st ed. 2010 7. Polson. Polson's Essential of Forensic Medicine. 4th edition. 2010. 8. Rao. Atlas of Forensic Medicine (latest edition). 9. Rao.Practical Forensic Medicine 3rd ed,2007. 10. Knight: Jimpson's Forensic Medicine 10th 1991,11th ed.1993 11. Taylor's Principles and Practice of Medical Jurisprudence. 15th ed.1999  CDS: 1. Interactive Lectures s on Forensic Medicine. 2. Atlas of Forensic Medicine.	
	www.forensicmedicine.co.uk  TEXTBOOKS	
PATHOLOGY	<ol> <li>Robbins &amp; Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.</li> <li>Rapid Review Pathology, 4th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD</li> </ol> WEBSITES:	
	<ol> <li>http://library.med.utah.edu/WebPath/webpath.html</li> <li>http://www.pathologyatlas.ro/</li> </ol>	
PHARMACOLOGY	1. Lippincott Illustrated Pharmacology 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung	

#### **ASSESSMENT METHODS:**

- MCQs (Multiple Choice Questions)
- Objective Structured Practical/Clinical Examination (OSPE or OSCE)
- MCQs and unobserved OSPE will be conducted on the LNH&MC Moodle platform
- Observed OSPE will constitute multiple examiner-based stations

#### **Internal Evaluation**

- Students will be assessed comprehensively through multiple methods.
- 20% marks of internal evaluation will be added to JSMU final exam. That 20% includes mid-module & end of module examinations, mid-term & pre-professional examinations.

#### **Formative Assessment**

Individual departments may hold quizzes or short answer questions to help students assess their learning. The marks obtained are not included in the internal evaluation

For JSMU Examination Policy, please consult the JSMU website!

More than 75% attendance is needed to sit for the internal and final examinations



#### **LNH&MC EXAMINATION RULES & REGULATIONS**

- Students must report to the examination hall/venue, 30 minutes before the exam.
- The exam will begin sharply at the given time.
- No student will be allowed to enter the examination hall after 15 minutes of the scheduled examination time.
- Students must sit according to their roll numbers mentioned on the seats.
- Cell phones are strictly not allowed in the examination hall.
- If any student is found with a cell phone in any mode (silent, switched off, or on) he/she will not be allowed to continue their exam.
- No students will be allowed to sit in exams without University Admit Card, LNMC College ID Card, and Lab Coat.
- Students must bring the following stationary items for the exam: Pen, Pencil, Eraser, and Sharpener.
- Indiscipline in the exam hall/venue is not acceptable. Students must not possess any written material or communicate with their fellow students.

# **SCHEDULE:**

WEEKS	3 <sup>RD</sup> YEAR	MONTH
		22 <sup>nd</sup> April 2024
5 WEEKS	CARDIOVASCULAR II MODULE	
		25 <sup>th</sup> May 2024
		27 <sup>th</sup> May 2024
5 WEEKS	LOCOMOTOR II	
		28 <sup>th</sup> June 2024
	Eid Holidays	
Elective attachment		